DIFFERING DRIVERS OF PLANT COMMUNITIES IN FLOODING VS. NON-FLOODING SITES

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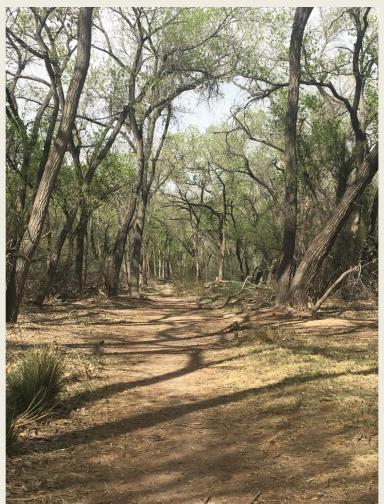


How is this forest different from this forest?

Do they respond to climate

differently?





Bosque Ecosystem Monitoring Program

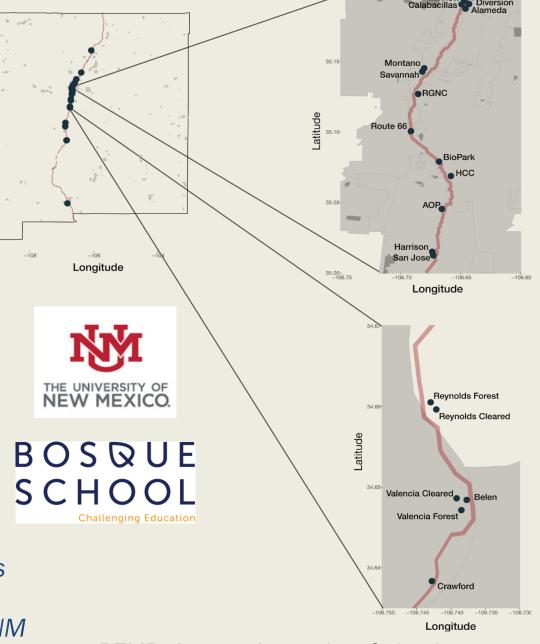
Latitude

1997 to Present Monitoring ecosystem change:

■ Surface and ground water, vegetation, arthropods...

2019

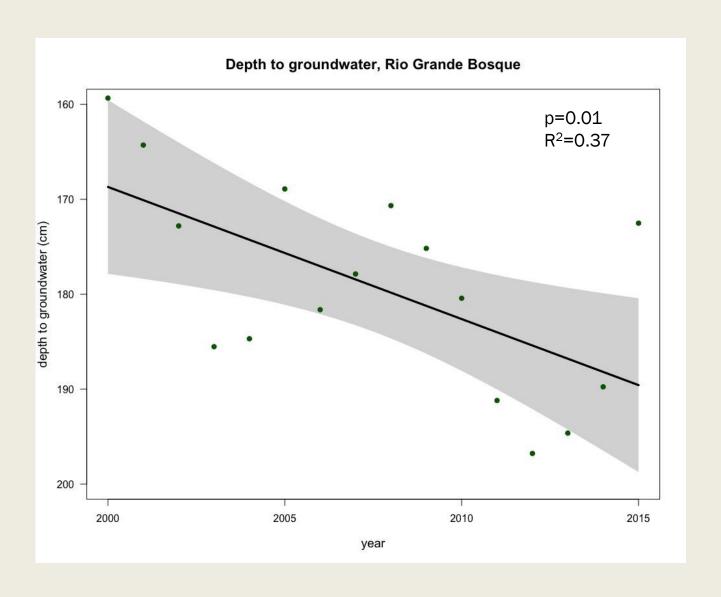
33 active monitoring sites between Santo Domingo Pueblo and Las Cruces, NM



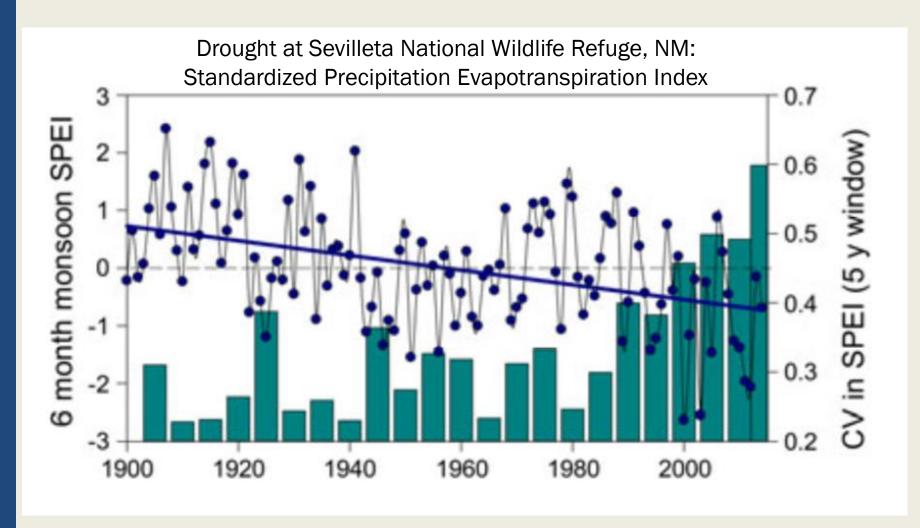
BEMP sites are located on federal, state, local and tribal lands



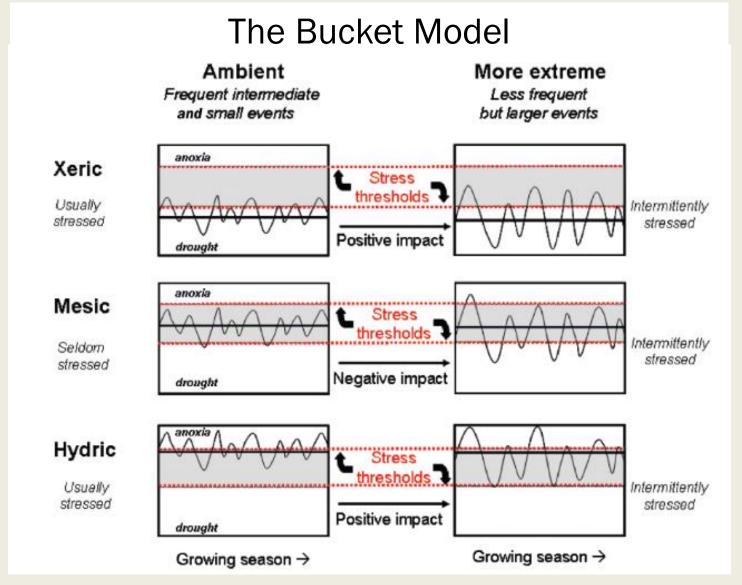
Groundwater is decreasing since monitoring began



Climate change- New Mexico is getting drier and more variable



Variability



Research focus

Does the riparian plant community respond differently to climate depending on flood regime?

Citizen Science Ecosystem Monitoring

K-12 Classes adopt a monitoring site and collect data monthly

- Depth togroundwater at 5 wells
- Precipitation at 2 rain gauges





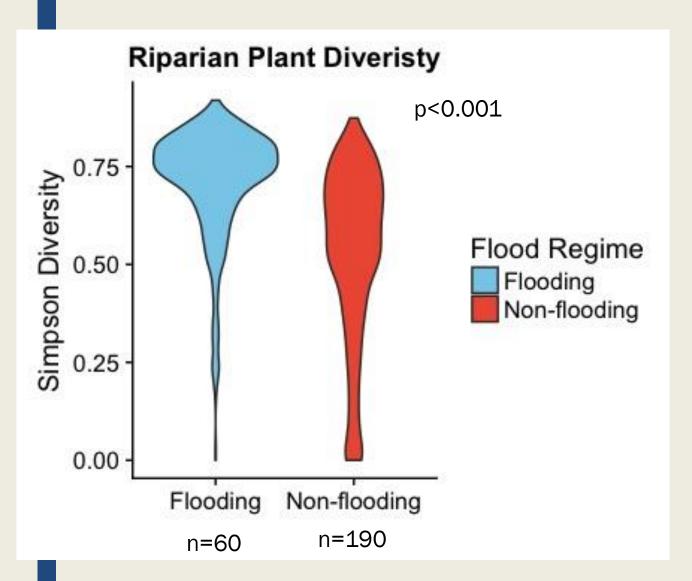
Vegetation cover surveys

- Line intercept sampling:
 - 10 30m transects per site
 - Surveyed annually Aug-Sept
 - All species cover recorded to nearest centimeter





Does riparian plant community composition change with flooding regime?



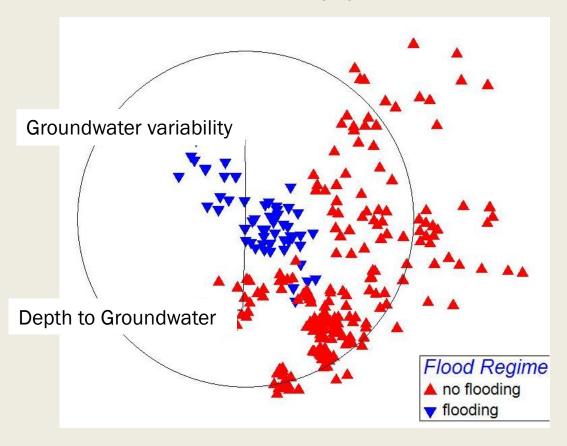
On average diversity is 35% higher at flooding sites

There is a wider spread of diversity at non-flooding sites

Does riparian plant community composition change with flooding regime?

Community Composition

Stress 0.20 R²= 0.10

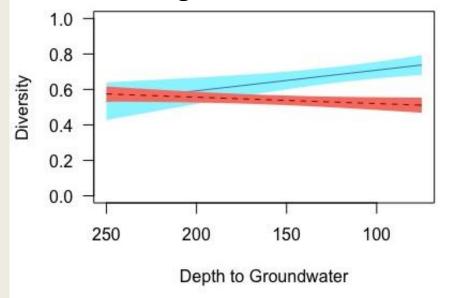


Where flooding does not occur, plant communities diverge

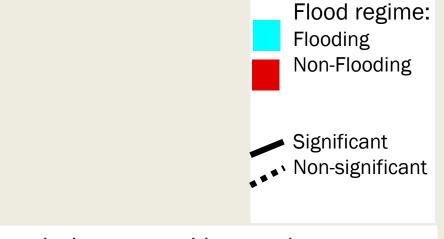
Differences are correlated with water availability

What is driving differences between flooding and non-flooding sites?

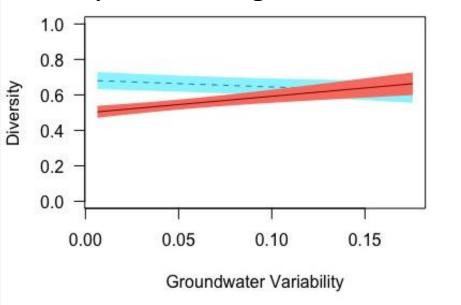
Diversity increases with water groundwater levels at flooding sites.



These patterns are the same for both total and native diversity.

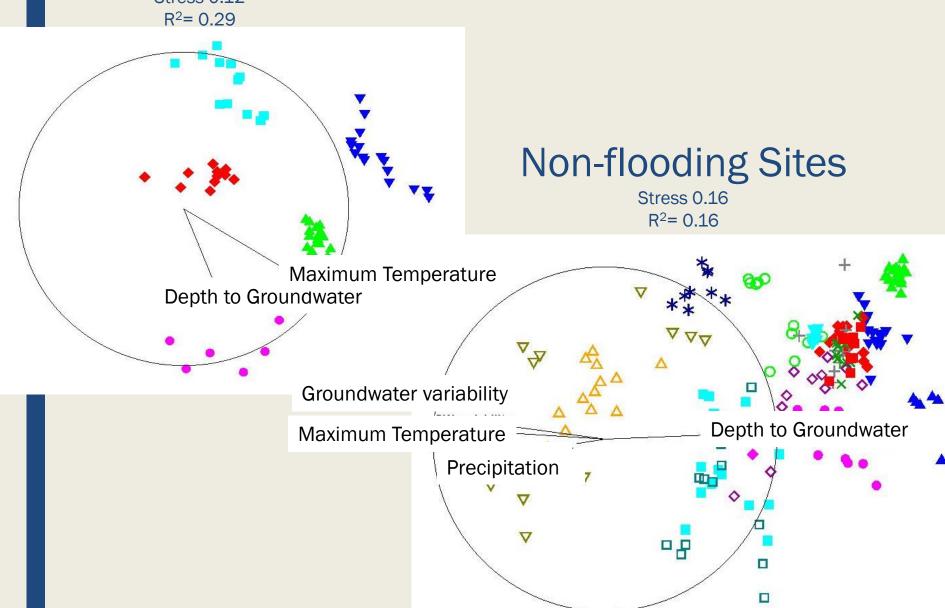


Diversity increases with groundwater variability at non-flooding sites.

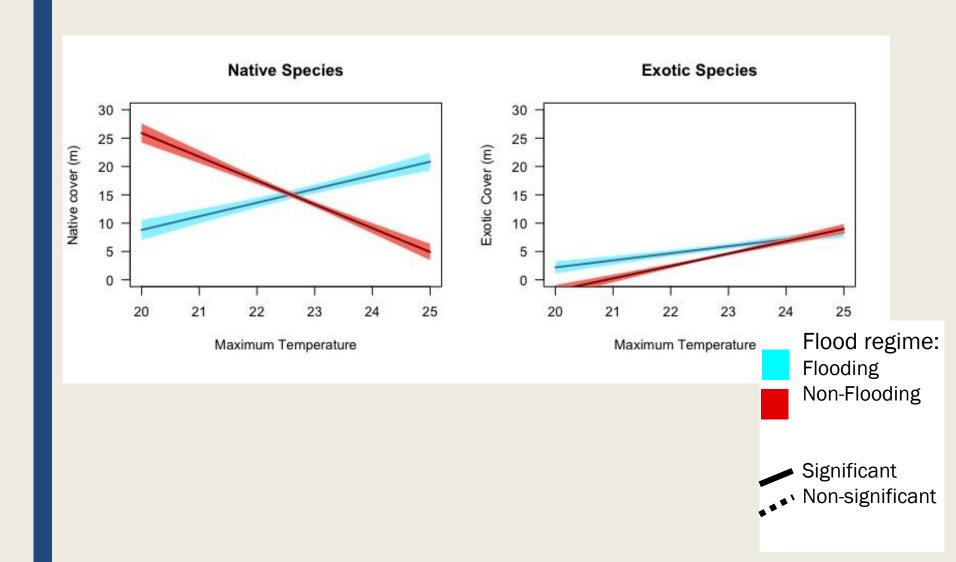


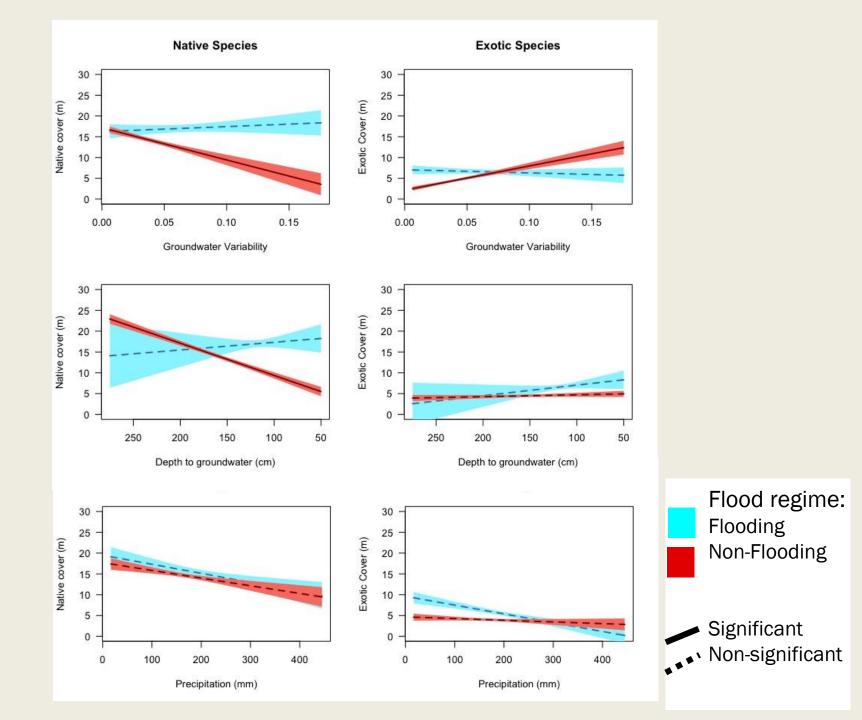
Flooding Sites

Stress 0.12

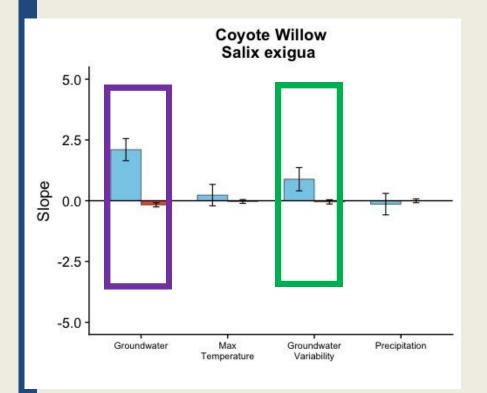


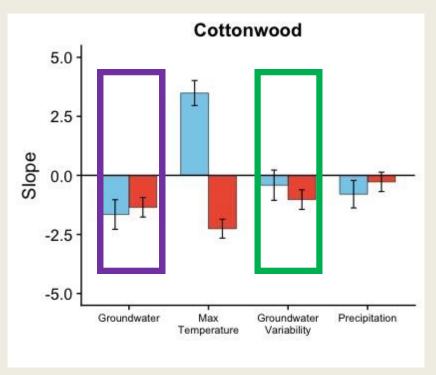
How is vegetation at flooding and non-flooding sites responding to climate?





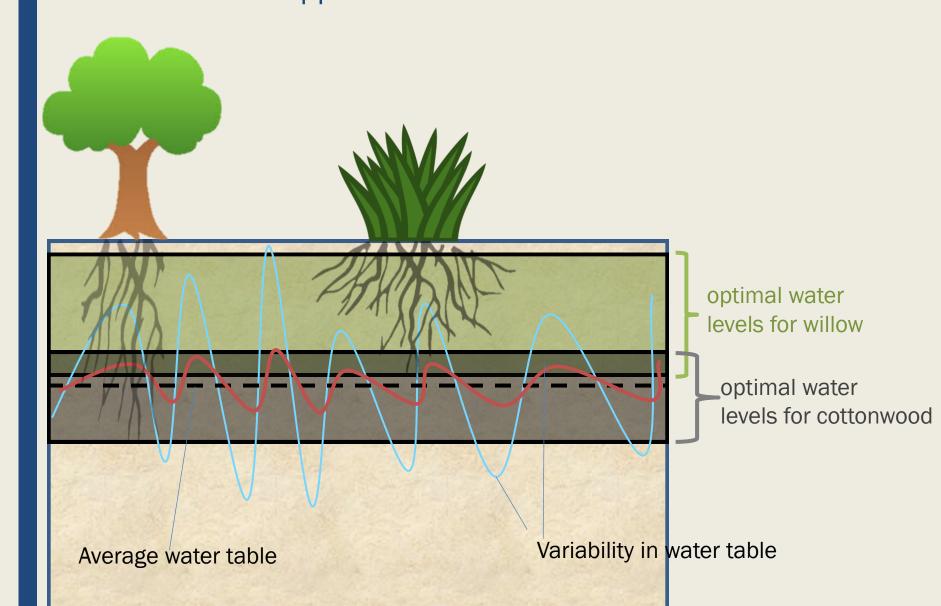
Why do we see differences in how the co-dominant species respond to groundwater and variability?





Why do we see differences in how the co-dominant species respond to groundwater and variability?

Bucket model: Knapp et al. 2008



Conclusions

- Plant communities appear to respond differently to changes in climate based on the flood regime of the site.
 - Sites that don't flood are more sensitive to changes in water availability from precipitation and variation in water table.
 - Flood regime determines how plant communities respond to temperature
- Species respond differently to groundwater variability based on root depths.

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Summary

Plant group	Groundwater		Temperature		Groundwater variability		Precipitation	
	flood	non	flood	non	flood	non	flood	non
Native		-	+	-		-		
Exotic			+	+		+		
Woody		-	+	-			-	
Herbaceous		+	-	+		+	+	+

- Temperature is associated with all our plant groups
- Groundwater depth and variability are associated with cover where flooding does not occur and the water table is generally deeper across most plant groups

Q3: Which plant groups or species account for differences in community sensitivity to abiotic factors between flood regimes?

